the proposed findings of fact, conclusions of law, and arguments were oral, he/she may issue an oral decision. The decision of the administrative law judge becomes the final decision of the Associate Administrator 45 days after it is served unless a petition or motion for review is filed under §386.62. The decision shall be served on all parties and on the Associate Administrator.

# §386.62 Review of administrative law judge's decision.

- (a) All petitions to review must be accompanied by exceptions and briefs. Each petition must set out in detail objections to the initial decision and shall state whether such objections are related to alleged errors of law or fact. It shall also state the relief requested. Failure to object to any error in the initial decision shall waive the right to allege such error in subsequent proceedings.
- (b) Reply briefs may be filed within 30 days after service of the appeal brief.
- (c) No other briefs shall be permitted except upon request of the Associate Administrator.
- (d) Copies of all briefs must be served on all parties.
- (e) No oral argument will be permitted except on order of the Associate Administrator.

#### § 386.63 Decision on review.

Upon review of a decision, the Associate Administrator may adopt, modify, or set aside the administrative law judge's findings of fact and conclusions of law. He/she may also remand proceedings to the administrative law judge with instructions for such further proceedings as he/she deems appropriate. If not remanded, the Associate Administrator shall issue a final order disposing of the proceedings, and serve it on all parties.

### § 386.64 Reconsideration.

Within 20 days after the Associate Administrator's final order is issued, any party may petition the Associate Administrator for reconsideration of his/her findings of fact, conclusions of law, or final order. The filing of a petition for reconsideration does not stay the effectiveness of the final order un-

less the Associate Administrator so orders.

## § 386.65 Failure to comply with final order.

If, within 30 days of receipt of a final agency order issued under this part, the respondent does not submit in writing his/her acceptance of the terms of an order directing compliance, or, where appropriate, pay a civil penalty, or file an appeal under § 386.67, the case may be referred to the Attorney General with a request that an action be brought in the appropriate United States District Court to enforce the terms of a compliance order or collect the civil penalty.

### § 386.66 Motions for rehearing or for modification.

- (a) No motion for rehearing or for modification of an order shall be entertained for 1 year following the date the Associate Administrator's order goes into effect. After 1 year, any party may file a motion with the Associate Administrator requesting a rehearing or modification of the order. The motion must contain the following:
- (1) A copy of the order about which the change is requested;
- (2) A statement of the changed circumstances justifying the request; and
- (3) Copies of all evidence intended to be relied on by the party submitting the motion.
- (b) Upon receipt of the motion, the Associate Administrator may make a decision denying the motion or modifying the order in whole or in part. He/she may also, prior to making his/her decision, order such other proceedings under these rules as he/she deems necessary and may request additional information from the party making the motion.

#### §386.67 Appeal.

Any aggrieved person, who, after a hearing, is adversely affected by a final order issued under 49 U.S.C. 521 may, within 30 days, petition for review of the order in the United States Court of Appeals in the circuit wherein the violation is alleged to have occurred or where the violator has his/her principal place of business or residence, or in the United States Court of Appeals for the